

National surveillance data - March 2002

Disease ¹	Current year - 2002 ²			Previous year - 2001		
	Mar 2002 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Current rate ³	Mar 2001 cases	Cumulative total since 1 January	Previous rate ³
AIDS	1	5	0.7	3	7	0.7
Campylobacteriosis	932	3656	302.2	603	2507	219.0
Cholera	0	0	0.1	0	0	0
Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease	0	0	0	0	0	0.1
Cryptosporidiosis	23	100	28.3	159	248	25.7
Dengue fever	3	8	2.7	1	1	0.2
Gastroenteritis ⁴	103	226	25.7	52	209	19.9
Giardiasis	150	424	44.1	148	377	42.9
<i>H. influenzae</i> type b disease	0	0	0.3	0	2	0.3
Hepatitis A	28	54	2.6	8	16	2.9
Hepatitis B (acute) ⁵	6	19	1.5	7	19	2.0
Hepatitis C (acute) ⁵	5	10	1.5	5	13	1.9
Hydatid disease	0	0	0.2	0	1	0.1
Influenza ⁶	3	9	17.7	7	13	6.9
Lead absorption	7	23	3.1	7	36	3.5
Legionellosis ⁶	4	11	1.3	6	19	1.9
Leprosy	0	0	0.1	0	1	0.1
Leptospirosis	11	40	3.3	5	23	2.4
Listeriosis	2	6	0.5	2	5	0.5
Malaria	3	21	1.4	10	21	3.1
Measles	3	11	2.0	8	18	1.5
Meningococcal disease ⁷	28	85	16.8	41	105	13.8
Mumps	5	14	1.5	2	13	1.3
Paratyphoid	2	2	0.8	2	5	0.7
Pertussis	58	244	24.3	148	672	107.2
Rheumatic fever	4	35	3.2	4	34	4.3
Rubella	1	5	0.7	7	8	0.8
Salmonellosis	335	815	68.7	222	666	53.2
Shigellosis	10	32	3.5	26	59	3.7
Tetanus	0	0	0.1	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	25	89	9.8	34	101	9.7
Typhoid	6	11	0.7	3	10	0.6
VTEC / STEC infection	3	19	2.0	8	19	1.6
Yersiniosis	43	158	12.2	45	130	10.0

Notes: ¹ Other notifiable infectious diseases reported in March : Brucellosis

² These data are provisional

³ Rate is based on the cumulative total for the current year (12 months up to and including March 2002) or the previous year (12 months up to and including March 2001), expressed as cases per 100 000

⁴ Cases of gastroenteritis from a common source or foodborne intoxication eg, staphylococcal intoxication or toxic shellfish poisoning

⁵ Only acute cases of this disease are currently notifiable

⁶ Surveillance data based on laboratory-reported cases only

⁷ These totals and rates are based on the EpiSurv report date as opposed to the earliest available date used in the meningococcal disease section